

Abstract Submitted  
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**A shadow-edge contact for epitaxial nanostructures on silicon**

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— We have developed a method to apply a thin (5 nm) metal film with a sharp edge (100 nm) onto the surface of a silicon sample in ultrahigh vacuum, to provide a counter-electrode for the study of electrical properties of epitaxial nanostructures. Film sheet resistance,  $R_s$ , is monitored continuously during deposition, to identify “electrical closure” of small grains. Film roughness,  $\sigma$ , is measured ex situ using Atomic Force Microscopy and in situ using Scanning Tunneling Microscopy. We find that Pt is more suitable than Au, attaining  $R_s \approx 300\Omega/sq$  and  $\sigma \approx 10nm$  versus  $R_s \approx 1000\Omega/sq$  and  $\sigma \approx 50nm$  for Au.

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