

Abstract Submitted
for the 4CF13 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Investigating Proto-Planetary Nebulae through Angular Differential Imaging REBECCA RATTRAY, TOSHIYA UETA, University of Denver — Studying the Proto-Planetary Nebula (PPN) stage of a star’s life sheds light on the critical mass-loss mechanism that leads to the morphological change from spherically symmetric to axisymmetric circumstellar material. However, when studying material very faint in reflection so close to a star, the brightness of the star itself becomes prohibitive. Therefore, in order to study the circumstellar material more effectively, it is necessary to block out the central star. The method of Angular Differential Imaging (ADI), used in this research, creates a better characterization of the point-spread-function (PSF) of the central star for more effective subtraction than previous PSF subtraction techniques. ADI has successfully been used to verify extrasolar planets, but this is one of the first attempts at adopting ADI techniques for extended structures as opposed to point sources. In this study, ADI techniques were applied to PPN observations to better study the most recent mass-loss histories of PPNs. Data for the PPNs were taken at the Near Infrared Coronagraphic Imager (NICI) at Gemini South between March and September 2012. New details on the circumstellar structure of 6 PPNs will be presented.

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Date submitted: 09 Sep 2013

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