

Abstract Submitted  
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**Probing the Large- $x$  Structure of the Proton with Drell-Yan Scattering at Fermilab** PAUL E REIMER, Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, FNAL E866/NUSEA COLLABORATION, FNAL E906 COLLABORATION — The Drell-Yan reaction can be used to probe the parton distribution of the interaction hadrons. In a fixed target environment, where the detector acceptance selects only large- $x_F$  events, Drell-Yan probes the high- $x$  (Bjorken- $x$ ) valence distributions of the beam and the low- to intermediate- $x$  sea antiquark distributions of the target. Fermilab E866/NuSea has measured the Drell-Yan absolute cross section of 800 GeV/c protons on hydrogen and deuterium targets. These data are the first measurements of the Drell-Yan cross section in  $pp$  collisions over a broad kinematic region and the most extensive study to date of the Drell-Yan cross section in  $pd$  collisions. The absolute cross sections, with full radiative corrections, will be presented and comparisons made with next-to-leading order calculations based on modern parton distributions. The results show that recent global parton distribution fits provide a good description of the light antiquark sea in the nucleon over the range  $0.03 < x_{\text{target}} < 0.15$ . When projected against  $x_{\text{beam}}$  the data indicate that most modern parton distributions appear to overestimate the valence parton distributions at large- $x$ . We plan to extend these studies in Fermilab E906, which will use a 120 GeV/c proton beam from the Fermilab Main Injector to collect better statistics at even larger values of  $x_{\text{beam}}$ .

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