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 Q_{weak} : A Precision Measurement of the Proton's Weak Charge JULIETTE MAMMEI, Virginia Polytechnic and State University, QWEAK COL-LABORATION — The weak charge of the proton is a Standard Model-suppressed observable: $Q_{weak}^p \sim 1 - 4\sin^2\theta_w \approx 0.05$. The Q_{weak} experiment proposes to measure this quantity to 4%. A measurement with this precision is sensitive to new physics at the TeV scale, such as lepto-quarks, Z's, or R-parity violating SUSY. The parity violating asymmetry in elastic electron proton scattering arises from the interference between photon and Z boson exhange, and at low momentum transfers is dominated by Q_{weak}^p . The experiment will utilize an 80% polarized, 180 μ A, 1.165 GeV electron beam scattered from a 35 cm liquid hydrogen target for a production run time of 2200 hours. A resistive toroidal magnet with 8 fold symmetry around the beamline will focus elastically scattered electrons of $8 \pm 2^{\circ}$ onto a set of quartz bars. The Q^2 corresponding to these kinematics is 0.03 (GeV/c)², and the expected asymmetry is $A \sim -0.23$ ppm. At these kinematics the contributions from nucleon structure are suppressed. Due to the high counting rate of $\sim 800 \text{ MHz/octant}$, the experiment will be run in integrating mode. The Q^2 distribution will be measured in a low rate counting mode with a set of tracking detectors. An overview of the physics and experiment as well as a status report will be given.

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