## Abstract Submitted for the APR08 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Improved  $\beta$  Decay Branching Ratios V.E. IACOB, J.C. HARDY, V. GOLOVKO, Cyclotron Institute, Texas A&M University — The work we report here aims at increasing the precision possible in the measurement of branching ratios for superallowed  $\beta^+$  decays. Such highly accurate values are essential in generating precise ft-values for  $0^+ \to 0^+$  decays, which can then be used to test the Standard Model via the unitarity of the Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa matrix [1]. The required precision is  $\sim 0.1\%$  or better. While this limit was already achieved in the case of  ${}^{34}Ar$  [2], it would have been very difficult, if not impossible, to achieve it for other  $\beta^+$ -decays without an upgrade to our acquisition and data-reduction systems. We have thus improved the controls over all the key elements in our experimental set-up: we now have direct control over the dead-time for the singles and coincidence channels and <0.1 mm control over the source-detector distance. In addition, we have extensively studied the efficiency of the  $\beta$ -detector with source-measurements tested against various Monte Carlo programs [3]. We have tested our new acquisition set-up on  ${}^{60}Co$  and  ${}^{22}Na$  ( $\beta^-$  and  $\beta^+$  emitters respectively) to validate our new methods. Preliminary results on the two sources are statistically consistent with the expected values. An  $^{34}Ar$  decay experiment using the new experimental configuration has already been performed and is currently analyzed. [1] J.C. Hardy and I.S. Towner, PRC **71**, 055501 (2005) [2] V. Iacob *et al.*, BAPS **52**(3)B16; BAPS **52**(9)HF3 [3] V. Golovko *et al.*, BAPS **52**(9)DH4; this BAPS

V.E. Iacob

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