## Abstract Submitted for the APR08 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Coulomb Excitation of n-rich nuclei along the N = 50 shell closure E. PADILLA-RODAL, Instituto de Ciencias Nucleares, UNAM, A. GALINDO-URIBARRI, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, J.C. BATCHELDER, Oak Ridge Associated Universities, J.R. BEENE, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, C. BING-HAM, University of Tennessee, B.A. BROWN, Michigan State University, K.B. LAGERGREN, P.E. MUELLER, D.C. RADFORD, D.W. STRACENER, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, J.P. URREGO-BLANCO, University of Tennessee, R.L. VARNER, C.-H. YU, Oak Ridge National Laboratory — Recently, we have been investigating characteristics of nuclear states around the neutron-rich mass A=80 region [1]. Using the Radioactive Ion Beams (RIBs) produced at HRIBF, we have successfully measured the B(E2) values for <sup>78,80,82</sup>Ge, using Coulomb excitation in inverse kinematics. For the germanium isotopes, these data allow a study of the systematic trend between the subshell N = 40 and the N = 50 shell. Using the same technique, we have measured the B(E2) value of various nuclei along the N=50shell including the radioactive nucleus <sup>84</sup>Se. This value together with our previously measured <sup>82</sup>Ge, and the recent result on <sup>80</sup>Zn from ISOLDE [2] are providing basic experimental information needed for a better understanding of the neutron-rich nuclei around  $A \sim 80$ . We report the new results and compare with shell model calculations. [1] E. Padilla-Rodal *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **94** (2005) 122501. [2] J. Van de Walle et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 99 (2007) 142501.

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