Abstract Submitted for the APR10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Directional searches for persistent gravitational waves ERIC THRANE, STEPHAN BALLMER, LIGO Caltech, JOSEPH D. ROMANO, The University of Texas at Brownsville, SANJIT MITRA, Jet Propulsion Laboratory and LIGO, Caltech; Observatoire de la Cote d'Azur, DINPONGKAR TALUKDER, SUKANTA BOSE, Washington State University, VUK MANDIC, University of Minnesota — A stochastic gravitational-wave background can arise from a wide variety of processes including inflation, cosmic strings, phase transitions in the early universe, pre-Big- Bang models and the superposition of astrophysical sources such as gamma-ray bursts. In addition to this background, the gravitational-wave sky may include a significant foreground from nearby point-like sources. In general, the angular distribution of gravitational-wave power is not strongly constrained. We thus propose a novel framework for directional analysis of persistent (non-bursting) and unmodeled gravitational waves with a network of interferometers, which allows for arbitrary angular distributions of gravitational-wave power.

Eric Thrane University of Minnesota

Date submitted: 10 Feb 2010

Electronic form version 1.4