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A Measurement of the b and c Production Fractions with Fully Reconstructed D^{*+} Mesons in the ATLAS Detector at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV JES-SICA METCALFE, University of New Mexico, ATLAS COLLABORATION — A measurement of the ratio of the number of D^{*+} mesons originating from a *b*-quark and from a directly produced charm is presented. The charm mesons are fully reconstructed in the mode $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$ where $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$. The analysis is based on data collected from the minimum bias trigger of the ATLAS detector at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV proton-proton collisions produced by the LHC. The distribution of the impact parameter of the D^0 meson with respect to the primary vertex is studied to distinguish charm mesons produced promptly or from those through b-quark decays. The measurement of the fraction of bottom and charm quarks to the decay channel $D^{*+} \to D^0 \pi^+, D^0 \to K^- \pi^+$ applied to the total cross-section measurement of the same decay channel yields the cross-sections for direct charm and bottom production to D^{*+} . I then compare the cross-section values extracted from data to NLO QCD calculations that depend on the parton distributions and fragmentation functions illuminating these Standard Model processes.

> Jessica Metcalfe University of New Mexico

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