Abstract Submitted for the APR13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Fusion of neutron-rich systems using time-dependent densityconstrained DFT¹ VOLKER OBERACKER, A.S. UMAR, Vanderbilt University — In connection with experiments at Radioactive Ion Beam Facilities, we study fusion reactions with a new approach [1] which is based on a time-dependent densityconstrained density functional theory (DFT). The only input is the Skyrme NN interaction, there are no adjustable parameters. We calculate heavy-ion interaction potentials V(R), mass parameters M(R), and total fusion cross sections. Some of the effects naturally included in these calculations are: neck formation, mass exchange, internal excitations, deformation effects, as well as nuclear alignment for deformed systems. Results will be presented for low-energy fusion reactions of ${}^{12}C+{}^{16,24}O$ and for ${}^{16,24}O+{}^{16,24,28}O$ which occur in the crust of neutron stars [2]. Finally, we will discuss fusion with neutron-rich halo nuclei, in particular ${}^{11}Li+{}^{208}Pb$.

[1] Umar and Oberacker, PRC 74, 021601(R) (2006)

[2] Umar, Oberacker, and Horowitz, PRC 85, 055801 (2012)

¹Supported by DOE grant DE-FG02-96ER40975.

Volker Oberacker Vanderbilt University

Date submitted: 08 Jan 2013

Electronic form version 1.4