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**The Search for a  $\pi_1(1400)$  Exotic Meson in the  $\gamma p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} \eta \pi^-$  System** DIANE SCHOTT, The George Washington University, CLAS COLLABORATION — Over twenty years ago QCD-inspired models of hadronic states suggested the existence of mesons beyond the Naive Quark Model (NQM), which motivated a rigorous search for exotic mesons. The lightest of these states is the  $\pi_1(1400)$  decaying to  $\eta \pi^-$  observed by experiment E852 at Brookhaven and the VES collaboration at IHEP. Photoproduction is predicted to favor production of a  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$  gluonic excitation resulting in the increase of the ratio of  $\pi_1$  to  $a_2$  mesons. A Partial Wave Analysis was conducted on the reaction  $\gamma p \rightarrow \Delta^{++} X \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^-(\eta)$ , using the  $\Delta^{++}$  to select the pion exchange. The analysis has shown the final spectra of the resonance decaying to  $\eta \pi^-$  to be dominated by the quantum state of  $J^{PC} = 2^{++}$  corresponding to the presence of the  $a_2(1320)$ . The  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$  state, shows no structure in the intensity distribution. The phase difference between the  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$  and  $J^{PC} = 2^{++}$  amplitudes show the interference between the two states. This is the first spin-parity analysis of the  $\eta \pi$  final state in photoproduction.

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