## Abstract Submitted for the APR14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Scaling properties of the harmonic oscillator basis calculations for N=Z nuclei in the infrared limit with the JISP16 potential CHRYSO-VALANTIS CONSTANTINOU, MARK A. CAPRIO, Univ of Notre Dame, JAMES P. VARY, PIETER MARIS, Iowa State University — It has recently been found [S. A. Coon et al., Phys. Rev. C 86, 054002 (2012)] that when no-core configuration interaction (NCCI) calculations of low-mass nuclei are plotted against an infrared momentum cutoff  $\lambda_{\rm SC}$  (scaling cutoff), a universal curve is obtained for the energy and the RMS radius. The plotted results must have an ultraviolet (UV) cutoff  $\Lambda_{UV}$  greater than or equal to the intrinsic cutoff  $\Lambda_{NN}$  of the interaction. This assures that UV convergence is reached. The scaling property then allows for the performance of extrapolations in the IR limit. Here we conduct NCCI calculations in the harmonic oscillator basis with the JISP16 potential. In the IR limit we obtain universal curves for N=Z nuclei up to and including  $^8$ Be. An extrapolation in the IR limit for the ground state energy and the RMS radius is performed, and extrapolated results are obtained.

<sup>1</sup>Supported by US DOE (DE-FG02-95ER-40934, DESC0008485 SciDAC/NUCLEI, DE-FG02-87ER40371), US NSF (0904782), and Research Corporation for Science Advancement (Cottrell Scholar Award). Computational resources provided by NERSC (US DOE DE-AC02-05CH11231).

Chrysovalantis Constantinou Univ of Notre Dame

Date submitted: 10 Jan 2014 Electronic form version 1.4