

Abstract Submitted  
for the APR15 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Quasielastic Transverse and Longitudinal Response Functions in the range  $0.55 \text{ GeV}/c \leq |\vec{q}| \leq 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$ <sup>1</sup>** HAMZA ATAC, on behalf of JLab Halla E05110 Collaboration — In order to determine the Coulomb sum in nuclei, a precision measurement of inclusive electron scattering cross sections in the quasi-elastic region was performed at Jefferson Lab. Incident electrons with energies ranging from 0.4 GeV to 4 GeV scattered from  ${}^4\text{He}$ ,  ${}^{12}\text{C}$ ,  ${}^{56}\text{Fe}$  and  ${}^{208}\text{Pb}$  nuclei at four scattering angles ( $15^\circ, 60^\circ, 90^\circ, 120^\circ$ ) and scattered energies ranging from 0.1 GeV to 4 GeV. The Rosenbluth separation method is used to extract the transverse and longitudinal response functions at three-momentum transfers in the range  $0.55 \text{ GeV}/c \leq |\vec{q}| \leq 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$ . The Coulomb Sum is obtained for  ${}^{56}\text{Fe}$  and  ${}^{12}\text{C}$ , and compared to predictions. We will discuss the impact of our results on short range nucleon-nucleon correlations and the possible modification of the nucleon electromagnetic properties in the nuclear medium.

<sup>1</sup>This work is supported by the Department Of Energy through grant DE-FG02-94ER40844

Hamza atac  
Temple University

Date submitted: 29 Dec 2014

Electronic form version 1.4