

Abstract Submitted
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Sub-GeV Dark Matter Search with MiniBooNE REX TAYLOE,
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— Cosmological observations indicate that our universe contains dark matter (DM),
however, we have yet to conclusively detect DM directly or measure its microscopic
properties. Direct detection experiments search for a nuclear recoil interaction pro-
duced by a DM relic particle and have a sensitivity to DM particle mass down to
order 1 GeV. To explore below this limit, searches for boosted dark matter in parti-
cle beams may be employed. The MiniBooNE experiment, which ran for a decade at
Fermilab to measure ν , $\bar{\nu}$ oscillations and interactions, conducted a dedicated run in
2014 with the Fermilab Booster 8 GeV proton beam incident on a steel beam stop.
Using this beam configuration and the existing and well-understood MiniBooNE
detector, the MiniBooNE-darkmatter collaboration searched for low-mass DM in
nucleon recoil events. Results from this search as well as future prospects will be
presented.

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