A Latent Dynamics of an Atomic System Emission RA-SULKHOZHA S. SHARAFIDDINOV, Institute of Nuclear Physics, Uzbekistan Academy of Sciences, Tashkent, 100214 Ulugbek, Uzbekistan — One of important consequences implied from an orbit quantized succession principle [1] is the dynamical origination of an atom spontaneous \(\gamma\)-emission, which is basically connected with the \(\beta\)-decay of a neutron or an antiproton, because in it appear necessary for a formation of photons antiparticles of intraatomic particles. For example, at the latent transitions as well as at other \(\gamma\)-emissions with atomic systems. It is not excluded, however, that nature itself is not in force to constitute any atomic system, around which would appear an absolute emptiness. In other words, we cannot find the same atoms regardless of the structure of medium in which they move. If, for example, any of atomic systems having the string orbits interacts with a neutrino antihydrogen [2] of Al-Fargoniy, the latter will transform one of its boson orbits into a lepton one. This is carried out in nature in conformity with individual diphoton emission laws. [1] R.S. Sharaiiddinov, Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 63(5), APR18-2017-000114 (2018). [2] R.S. Sharaiiddinov, Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 63(5), APR18-2018-000187 (2018).