Abstract Submitted for the APR21 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Isospin \mathbf{in} amplitudes b-baryon decays¹ ARAVINDHAN VENKATESWARAN, Syracuse University, LHCB COL-LABORATION — Ratios of isospin amplitudes in hadron decays are a useful probe of the interplay between weak and strong interactions, and allow searches for physics beyond the Standard Model. We present the first results on isospin amplitudes in b-baryon decays, using data corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 8.5fb^{-1} . collected with the LHCb detector in pp collisions at center of mass energies of 7, 8 and 13 TeV. The isospin amplitude ratio $|A_1(\Lambda_b \to J/\psi\Sigma^0)/A_0(\Lambda_b \to J/\psi\Lambda)|$, where the subscript on A indicates the final-state isospin, is measured to be less than 1/21.8 at 95% confidence level. This upper limit provides support for the light diquark structure in the Λ_b , and further confirms its SM status as an isosinglet. The Cabibbo suppressed $\Xi_b^0 \to J/\psi \Lambda$ decay is observed for the first time, allowing for the measurement $|A_0(\Xi_b^0 \to J/\psi \Lambda)/A_{1/2}(\Xi_b^0 \to J/\psi \Xi^0)| = 0.37 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.02$, where the uncertainties are statistical and systematic, respectively. This measurement is consistent with the preservation of both isospin and SU(3) flavor symmetries.

¹This work was supported by the US National Science Foundation.

Sheldon Stone Syracuse University

Date submitted: 16 Dec 2020

Electronic form version 1.4