

Abstract Submitted  
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**X-ray Evidence of a Stellar Wind Mass-Loss Rate Increase in the O Supergiant  $\zeta$  Puppis over 18 Years**<sup>1</sup> JIAMING WANG, Swarthmore College — During 2018 and 2019, NASA’s *Chandra X-ray Observatory* carried out a set of observations on  $\zeta$  Pup, a hot and luminous star that is classified as an O supergiant. The observations supplement data acquired in 2000 and motivate analysis on the long-term variations in  $\zeta$  Pup’s stellar wind properties. In stars like  $\zeta$  Pup, hot X-ray emitting plasma is distributed throughout a colder X-ray absorbing stellar wind. Emission lines from the hot plasma are Doppler-broadened due to the high wind speeds and are made asymmetric by absorption. Fitting 10 strong X-ray emission lines with a line profile model that incorporates those wind properties, we find a stellar mass-loss rate of  $2.47 \pm 0.09 \times 10^{-6} M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ , which represents a 40 percent increase since 2000. This surprising result is also accompanied by a 13 percent increase in X-ray emission flux. Because the result is unexpected, we supplement the model fitting with a non-parametric analysis and also with Gaussian fitting to confirm the changes in the emission line profile properties.

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