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Measurement of ⁸⁵Rb excited state lifetime using two-pulse photon echo¹ ERIC ROTBERG, SCOTT BEATTIE, MATTHEW WEEL, IAIN CHAN, A. KUMARAKRISHNAN, York University — We have observed two-pulse photon echoes in a Doppler broadened rubidium vapor. The system interacts with traveling wave optical pulses that are ~ 10ns in duration. The pulses are on resonance with the $F = 3 \rightarrow F' = 4$ transition in ⁸⁵Rb and they are generated from a cw laser using an acousto- optic modulators. The first pulse, occurring at t = 0, induces a macroscopic dipole moment that dephases due to atomic motion. The second pulse, occurring at t = T, reverses the direction of the dephasing process so that the echo is formed at t = 2T. The echo is detected using a heterodyne tehnique and its intensity decays exponentially as a function of 2T. Our results suggest that the excited state lifetime can be determined to a precision of ~ 1 % from the decay time constant. We present a detailed analysis of the systematic effects that contribute to the decay.

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