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Testing fundamental constants with trapped indium ions WILLIAM TRIMBLE, WARREN NAGOURNEY, University of Washington — The ${}^{1}S_{0} \leftrightarrow^{3}P_{0}$ transition in the In⁺ ion at 237 nm has a natural linewidth of .8 Hz and is a promising candidate for the development of an optical clock. Since this transition is J=0 \rightarrow J=0, the states are not perturbed by the quadrupole trapping potential. We report trapping and spectroscopy of single indium ions using a Paul-Straubel trap and a laser system on the ${}^{1}S_{0} \leftrightarrow^{3}P_{1}$ transition at 230 nm and the development of a frequency quadrupled stabilized Nd:YAG laser to excite the narrow ${}^{1}S_{0} \leftrightarrow^{3}P_{0}$ transition. We describe prospects for measuring the time-variation of the electromagnetic coupling constant by comparing the frequency of an oscillator locked to the In⁺ transition to those of other optical clocks.

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