Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP05 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Molecular Fraction of the BEC-BCS Crossover State G. B. PAR-TRIDGE, R. I. KAMAR, K. E. STRECKER<sup>1</sup>, M. W. JACK, R. G. HULET<sup>2</sup>, Department of Physics and Astronomy and Rice Quantum Institute, Rice University, Houston TX, 77251 — We have created a molecular Bose-Einstein Condensate (BEC) from pairs of fermionic <sup>6</sup>Li atoms. This BEC is used as a starting point to probe the many body wavefunction of the molecules/pairs in the BEC-BCS crossover regime in proximity to the broad Feshbach resonance near 837 G. These molecules/pairs are superpositions of atoms in an electronic triplet state and deeplybound singlet molecules. A laser tuned to an excited singlet molecular state projects out the singlet component, which results in a loss. This loss is measured for fields between 680 G and 850 G. We find that the molecular contribution is more than ~10% inside the strongly interacting regime. This is orders of magnitude larger than that expected from two-body physics. We have also observed coherent oscillations between atoms and molecules.

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