Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP07 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Electromagnetically induced transparency for x-rays¹ CHRISTIAN BUTH, ROBIN SANTRA, LINDA YOUNG, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois 60439, USA — We discuss electromagnetically induced transparency (EIT) for x-rays in laser-dressed neon. We use a newly devised *ab initio* theory to calculate the x-ray photoabsorption cross section and the x-ray polarizability of a neon atom dressed by an optical laser (800 nm, $10^{13} \frac{\text{W}}{\text{cm}^2}$) with a photon energy close to the $1s^{-1} 3s \rightarrow 1s^{-1} 3p$ transition. The results are investigated further in terms of an exactly solvable A-type three-level model where we point out the need for an intense dressing laser due to the femtosecond lifetime of core-excited neon. Practical experimental realization of EIT for x-rays is discussed and potential applications are outlined. This work opens new opportunities for research with ultrafast x-ray sources.

¹C.B. is self-employed (Germany) and was funded by a Feodor Lynen Research Fellowship from the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation. R.S.'s work was supported by the Office of Science, U.S. Department of Energy, under Contract No. DE-AC02-06CH11357

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Date submitted: 30 Jan 2007

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