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Magnetic Trapping and Zeeman Relaxation of NH Molecules EDEM TSIKATA, WESLEY CAMPBELL, Department of Physics, Harvard University; Harvard-MIT Center for Ultracold Atoms, HSIN-I LU, School of Engineering and Applied Science, Harvard University; Harvard-MIT Center for Ultracold Atoms, LAURENS VAN BUUREN, JOHN DOYLE, Department of Physics, Harvard University; Harvard-MIT Center for Ultracold Atoms — NH molecular radicals are magnetically trapped in the presence of a helium buffer gas and their Zeeman relaxation and energy transport collisional cross-sections with helium are measured. Molecules are loaded from a molecular beam into a cold buffer gas cell in a 4T anti-Helmholtz magnetic trap. The NH-He energy transport cross-section is measured to be  $2.7 \pm 0.8 \times 10^{-14} \text{cm}^2$  at 710 mK. The inelastic (Zeeman state changing) cross-section is also measured to be  $3.8 \pm 1.1 \times 10^{-19} \text{cm}^2$  at 710 mK, indicating a  $\gamma$  (elastic to inelastic cross-section ratio) of  $7 \times 10^4$ , in agreement with the theory of Krems et al (PRA 68 051401(R) (2003)). Cross-section measurements are obtained for the interaction of the molecular isotopes <sup>14</sup>NH, <sup>14</sup>ND, <sup>15</sup>NH and <sup>15</sup>ND with the helium isotopes He-3 and He-4.

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