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Experiment on Matter wave self-Imaging in pulsed optical standing wave field¹ KE LI, LU DENG, M.G. PAYNE, NIST, M.S. ZHAN, Wuhan Institute of Physics and Mathematics, NIST COLLABORATION, WUHAN IN-STITUTE OF PHYSICS AND MATHEMATICS COLLABORATION — In this Paper we report a non-Raman-Nath regime diffraction of a condensate by an optical standing wave. We demonstrate atomic CM motion-based bidirectional, high-order matter-wave self-imaging and condensate momentum oscillation. We emphasize that this phenomenon exists in the non-Raman-Nath regime that is also far away from typical Bragg regime, where the atomic CM motion plays a key role. We further note that the matter-wave self-imaging effect reported here is very different from the temporal matter-wave Talbot effect reported previously. To the best of our knowledge, such a full matter-wave self-imaging due to CM motion has never been demonstrated before. We consider a system of two electronic states and n momentum states, and take numerical simulation of the diffraction probabilities for the first few significant diffraction orders. It shows that at $\tau_P \approx 23 \mu s$ the zeroth-order diffraction probability is near 100% whereas all high orders are very small. This approximately agrees with the observed time of $\tau_P = 25 \mu s$ when all $n \ge 1$ orders are very small.

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