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Abstract for an Invited Paper for the DAMOP09 Meeting of the American Physical Society

## Ionization of Methane in Strong and Ultrastrong Fields<sup>1</sup> SAMANTHA L. WHITE, University of Delaware

The photoionization of methane is reported for intensities up to  $10^{19}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> with linear and circular polarized light. While fragmental ions (e.g. CH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>, CH<sup>+</sup>, C<sup>+</sup>, C<sup>+2</sup>) created from  $10^{14}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> to  $10^{15}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> are formed by Coulomb explosion, ionization to form C<sup>+3</sup> and C<sup>+4</sup> involves Coulomb explosion and tunneling ionization. In ultrastrong fields, removal of a carbon K-shell electron from methane proceeds via tunneling and rescattering ionization, without the influence of molecular channels. Photoelectrons from methane at  $10^{19}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> extend up to kinetic energies of 0.6 MeV.

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