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**Double Ionization of Hydrogen Molecule by Intense Attosecond** Laser Pulses<sup>1</sup> TECK-GHEE LEE, M.S. PINDZOLA, F. ROBICHEAUX, Physics Department, Auburn University, Auburn, AL 36849 — Time-dependent closecoupling calculations within the fixed nuclei approximation are carried out for the double ionization of H<sub>2</sub> induced by an intense attosecond laser pulse at a photon energy of 40 eV. We consider here the two-photon absorption processes and examine the response of the ejected electrons, particularly the single- and the double-electron energy distributions, to linearly and circularly polarized pulse at laser intensities between  $10^{15}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> and  $10^{16}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>. We find that, for both the linearly and circularly polarized pulses, sequential peaks and non-sequential wells appear in both the single- and double-electron energy distributions that are generally akin to the analogous two electrons photoemission processes in He atom driven by a linearly polarized intense attosecond pulse [1,2]. Furthermore, a clear signature of the sequential double-electron above threshold ionization process can be seen in the single- and double-electron energy distributions when a linearly polarized pulse is being used.

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