Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP11 Meeting of The American Physical Society

**Rydberg states of triatomic hydrogen and deuterium**<sup>1</sup> JIA WANG, CHRIS GREENE, Department of Physics and JILA, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80309-0440, USA, RICHARD SAYKALLY, Department of Chemistry, University of California, Berkeley, California 94720-1460, USA — Triatomic hydrogen (H<sub>3</sub>) and its isotopologue (D<sub>3</sub>) are the simplest neutral polyatomic molecules. They have been of great interest in recent decades. In a previous study [1], we calculated radiative transitions between neutral H<sub>3</sub> Rydberg states and described the mid-infrared laser lines observed in hydrogen/rare gas discharges. We extend the study to D<sub>3</sub>, and discuss the mechanism for the population inversion that is required for lasing action, which has been observed by the Berkeley group.

 R. J. Saykally, E. A. Michael, J. Wang, and Chris H. Greene, J. Chem. Phys. 133, 234302 (2010).

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