## Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP11 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Non-dissociative and dissociative ionization of a CO<sup>+</sup> beam in intense ultrashort laser pulses<sup>1</sup> B. GAIRE, U. ABLIKIM, M. ZOHRABI, S. ROLAND, K.D. CARNES, I. BEN-ITZHAK, J.R. Macdonald Laboratory, Physics Department, Kansas State University — We have investigated the ionization of CO<sup>+</sup> beams in intense ultrashort laser pulses. With the recent upgrades to our coincidence three-dimensional momentum imaging method we are able to measure both non-dissociative and dissociative ionization of the molecular-ion beam targets. Using CO<sup>+</sup> as an example, we have found that non-dissociative ionization (leading to the metastable dication CO<sup>2+</sup>) involves a direct transition, i.e. the molecule is ionized with little or no internuclear distance stretch. Dissociative ionization (C<sup>+</sup>+O<sup>+</sup>) occurs both directly and indirectly, stretching first and then ionizing. Our results show that the yield of dissociative ionization is higher than that of non-dissociative ionization and can be manipulated with the laser pulse duration by suppressing the indirect ionization path using ultrashort pulses ( $\leq$ 10 fs).

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