## Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP11 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Experimental evidence of confinement resonances in the photoionisation of the endohedral  $\mathbf{Xe}@\mathbf{C}_{60}^+$  D. KILCOYNE, A. AGUILAR, Advanced Light Source, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, A. MÜLLER, S. SCHIPPERS, IAMP, Justus-Liebig-Universitaet Giessen, Germany, C. CISNEROS, Instituto de Ciencias Fisicas UNAM, Mexico, G. ALNA'WASHI, The Hashemite University, Jordan, N. ARYAL, K. BARAL, D. ESTEVES, C. THOMAS, R. PHA-NEUF, Department of Physics, University of Nevada, Reno, USA — A recent communication [1] presented experimental evidence of confinement resonances associated with the photoabsorption by a noble gas atom in a  $C_{60}$  cage. The giant 4d resonance in the photoionization of Xe is predicted to be modulated into four components when the Xe atom is confined within C<sub>60</sub> due to multi-path interference of photoelectron waves caused by reflection from the  $C_{60}$  cage. The measurements were performed in the photon energy range 60 - 150 eV by merging a beam of synchrotron radiation with a mass/charge selected ion beam current at a fraction of a picoampere, of the endohedral. The phenomenon was observed in the cross section for double photoionization of Xe@C $_{60}^+$  accompanied by fragmentation of two carbon atoms, yielding Xe@C $_{58}^{3+}$  product ions. This research was supported by the Division of Chemical Sciences, Geosciences and Biosciences of the U.S. Department of Energy, the Deutsche Forschungsgemenischaft, Germany and CONACYT-82521, México.[1] A.L.D. Kilcoyne et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 213001 (2010)

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