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A Road Map to Ultracold Polyatomic Molecules SOTIR CHERVENKOV, XING WU, JOSEF BAYERL, ANDREAS ROHLFES, BARBARA ENGLERT, ROSA GLÖCKNER, ALEXANDER PREHN, MARTIN IBRÜGGER, MARTIN ZEPPENFELD, GERHARD REMPE, Max Planck Institute of Quantum Optics, 85748 Garching, Germany — Producing ensembles of polyatomic molecules at ultracold temperatures is a challenge. In pursuit of this goal, we propose a very general scheme combining sequentially three promising techniques. First, high-flux continuous supersonic beams of internally cold polar molecules are produced from a buffer-gas cell [1,2] operated in hydrodynamic regime. Then those beams are guided in an electrostatic guide [3] and decelerated by the centrifugal potential in a rotating frame. The decelerated beams are delivered to an electrostatic trap, where the molecules are further cooled down via a Sisyphus process [4] employing laser, microwave, and radiofrequency radiation. Here we demonstrate experimental results from the three techniques and give evidence for the viability of their joint operation en route to achieving sub-milliKelvin ensembles of polyatomic polar molecules.

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