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Properties of R=2 rotationally excited  $H_2^+$  from fine structure measurements of high-L Rydberg states of  $H_2$  using novel techniques<sup>1</sup> ERICA SNOW, SUNY Fredonia — Measurement of the fine structure pattern of high-angular momentum Rydberg states provides information about the basic properties of the ion core, such as the Quadrupole moment and polarizability. A novel approach to the detection techniques of Resonant Excitation Stark Ionization Spectroscopy (RESIS) allowed the first measurements of the higher rotational levels of  $H_2$  that were previously unattainable due to their fast autoionization rates. RESIS uses a Doppler-tuned CO<sub>2</sub> laser to resonantly excite transitions in a fast molecular beam, which are detected by Stark ionization. Reported here are the experimental details and results along with the analysis of the fine structure measurements of the high-L Rydberg states of the rotationally excited (R=2) ground vibrational level of molecular hydrogen. This determines the Quadrupole moment and scalar and tensor dipole polarizabilities of (v=0,R=2)  $H_2^+$ .

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