Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Matter-wave quantum interference in the Hong-Ou-Mandel setup ROBERT LEWIS-SWAN, KAREN KHERUNTSYAN, Univ of Queensland — We propose an experiment to realize a matter-wave analog of the optical Hong-Ou-Mandel (HOM) effect [1]. This is achieved by utilizing a pair of colliding Bose-Einstein condensates of ultracold atoms to generate a scattering halo of paircorrelated atoms via spontaneous four-wave mixing, analogous to optical parametric down-conversion used in the optical experiment to generate pairs of indistinguishable photons. Coupling the pair-correlated atoms by a  $\pi$  and  $\pi/2$  Bragg pulse realises the atom-optics analogs of mirror and beam-splitter elements of the optical HOM interferometer. We use a stochastic (positive-P representation) Bogoliubov approach to simulate the full dynamics of the experiment and by proposing a measurement protocol appropriate for the multimode nature of the scattering halo we predict a HOM-dip visibility of ~ 69% [2], indicating strong quantum correlations between the scattered atoms and paves the way for a possible demonstration of a Bell inequality violation with matter-waves in a related Rarity-Tapster setup [3].

[1] C. K. Hong, Z. Y. Ou, and L. Mandel, Phys. Rev. Lett. 59, 2044 (1987);

[2] R. J. Lewis-Swan and K. V. Kheruntsyan, arXiv:1312.3933;

[3] J. G. Rarity and P. R. Tapster, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 2495 (1990).

Robert Lewis-Swan Univ of Queensland

Date submitted: 28 Jan 2014

Electronic form version 1.4