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Electronic structure of the paramagnetic and polar molecule **RbSr¹** OLIVIER DULIEU, Laboratoire Aimé Cotton, CNRS/Univ. Paris-Sud/ENS Cachan, Orsay, France, PIOTR ZUCHOWSKI, Instytut Fizyki, Uniwersytet Mikołaja Kopernika, Torun, Poland, ROMAIN GUEROUT, Laboratoire Kastler-Brossel, CNRS, ENS, UPMC, Paris, France — We determine the electronic structure of RbSr, a molecule possessing both a permanent magnetic and electric dipole moment in its own frame allowing its manipulation with external fields at ultracold temperature. Two complementary ab-initio approaches are used: an approach relying based on optimized effective core potentials with core polarization potentials based on a full configuration interaction involving three valence electrons, and an approach using a small-size effective core potential with 19 explicitly correlated electrons in the framework of coupled-cluster theory. We have found excellent agreement between these two approaches for the ground state properties including the permanent dipole moment. We have focused on studies of excited states correlated to the two lowest asymptotes $Rb(5p^{2}P)+Sr(5s^{2}-1S)$ and $Rb(5s^{2}S)+Sr(5s5p^{2})+Sr(5s5p^{2})+Sr(5s5p^{2})$ ³P) relevant for ongoing experiments on quantum degenerate gases. We present also the Hund c case potential curves obtained using atomic spin-orbit constants. These potential curves are an excellent starting point for spectroscopic studies of RbSr and of ultracold molecule formation processes.

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