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Spectroscopy of ultracold LiRb molecules JOHN LORENZ, ADEEL ALTAF, SOURAV DUTTA, DANIEL ELLIOTT, YONG CHEN, Purdue University — Using resonantly enhanced multiphoton ionization (REMPI), we detect ultracold LiRb molecules created via photoassociation (PA) in a $^{7}\text{Li}/^{85}\text{Rb}$ dual species MOT. PA resonances below the D₁ and D₂ lines of Rb have been observed through both trap loss and REMPI spectroscopy. Decay pathways from different PA resonances allow us to map several different electronic potentials. To study the $a^{3}\Sigma^{+}$ potential, we create molecules in the $2(0^{-})$ potential. These molecules mainly decay to the triplet electronic ground state. REMPI spectra show the vibrational levels of the $a^{3}\Sigma^{+}$ potential, as well as deeply bound levels belonging to the $(3)^{3}\Pi$ state through which the molecules are ionized. The vibrational structure of the $X^{1}\Sigma^{+}$ potential is observed via PA to other electronic potentials, such as the 4(1) which corresponds to the $B^{1}\Pi$ at close range. Molecules in the $X^{1}\Sigma^{+}$ state are likely ionized via the $(4)^{1}\Sigma^{+}$ electronic potential. Continuing these studies will help identify possible pathways from free atoms to LiRb molecules in the rovibronic ground state.

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