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On Exploration the speed of light and dark matter YONGQUAN HAN, 15611860790 — Explain the three speed. 1) the radiation speed: refers to the speed of the hypothetical objects which doesn't radiate, denoted as C. 2) the object's rotation speed, denoted as v. refers to the radiation velocity of an object: 3) vector refers to speed and speed of the object's rotation of the radiation, denoted as U. Radiation velocity is a constant, the sun in the long period, the rotation speed is a constant speed of $u = \sqrt{c^2 + v^2}$, it is a constant. When the object's rotation velocity equal to the speed of light, the objects radiation speed of $u = \sqrt{2}C$, the object is equal to the speed of light rotation, radiation ability is lower than the less than the speed of light rotation, the radiation area equal to the time it is 2 times the radiation area, that is to say, the radiation intensity is less than half of the original. We say that the state is the inflection point of special matter and dark matter state of the object. The clouds obscured the sun light, or less than half the sun rays, we cannot see the prototype of the sun,. When the object's rotation speed exceeding the speed of light, the same time, radiation range object is bigger, the radiation intensity is smaller.

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