

Abstract Submitted  
for the DAMOP16 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**High-harmonic generation in aligned water molecules**<sup>1</sup> SONG WANG, JULIEN DEVIN, Stanford PULSE Institute, MATTHIAS HOFFMANN, SLAC, JAMES CRYAN, ANDREAS KALDUN, PHILIP BUCKSBAUM, Stanford PULSE Institute — In recent years, the use of high harmonic generation (HHG) in aligned molecular vapors has become a powerful tool to study ultrafast dynamics of electronic and nuclear wave packets. In our new experimental setup, we are able to orient H<sub>2</sub>O and D<sub>2</sub>O molecules using a single cycle terahertz (THz) pulse. Aligning water is especially interesting as the highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) of water contains a node in the xz plane of the molecular frame, allowing us to perform HHG from second highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO-1) only, by setting the polarization of the fundamental laser along the z-axis of the aligned water molecules. We are particularly interested in the HOMO-1 state, as there is fast motion of the H-O-H angle leading to sub-wavelength dynamics. On this poster we present our all-optical alignment setup where HHG and single-cycle THz generation take place in high-vacuum, where measurements with arbitrary polarization angles between the two are possible. In addition, we discuss the effects of the molecular orientation on HHG, including symmetry breaking that could produce even harmonics and isotope effects between H<sub>2</sub>O and D<sub>2</sub>O due to different vibrational energies.

<sup>1</sup>This work was supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Basic Energy Sciences, Chemical Sciences, Geosciences, and Biosciences Division.

Song Wang  
Stanford PULSE Institute

Date submitted: 29 Jan 2016

Electronic form version 1.4