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Mutual neutralization of \mathbf{H}^- with \mathbf{H}^+ and \mathbf{H}_2^{+1} MARJAN KHAME-SIAN, MICHAEL SAHLIN, PATRIK HEDVALL, Department of Physics, Stockholm University, ANN E. OREL, Department of Chemical Engineering, University of California, Davis, ÅSA LARSON, Department of Physics, Stockholm University, LARSON COLLABORATION — We have previously studied the low energy mutual neutralization reaction in collisions of H^+ and H^- using an ab initio molecular close-coupling approach. The reaction is driven by non-adiabatic couplings between the ion-pair state and the n = 2 and n = 3 covalent states at large internuclear distances. In present work we have calculated all states of ${}^{1}\Sigma_{q}^{+}$, ${}^{1}\Pi_{q}$, ${}^{1}\Sigma_{u}^{+}$ and ${}^{1}\Pi_{u}$ symmetries associated with the limits $n \leq 4$ including the ion-pair states. We have computed adiabatic potential energy curves, non-adiabatic couplings, as well as the rotational couplings between the Σ and Π states. The goal is to perform a detailed study and investigate the importance of the higher lying states, rotational couplings as well as non-zero asymptotic non-adiabatic couplings. These effects have previously not been considered. To perform an ab initio study of mutual neutralization in collisions of H^- with H_2^+ is a challenge. The multi-dimensional potential energy surfaces as well as non-adiabatic couplings for many excited electronic states have to accurately be computed. We perform full configuration interaction calculations of the states to identify the important avoided crossings/conical intersections driving the reaction.

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