Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP18 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Highly Sensitive Molecular Ion Probe for Variation of the Protonto- Electron Mass Ratio¹ MARK KOKISH, PATRICK STOLLENWERK, Northwestern University, MASATOSHI KAJITA, National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, BRIAN ODOM, Northwestern University — Rovibrational transitions in molecules provide an unambiguous connection to the proton-to-electron mass ratio (μ). However, difficulties in molecular state preparation, detection and control over systematics have prevented setting new limits on μ -variation at the level set by analogous measurements in atoms. We identify a new molecular ion, TeH⁺, which has unique properties that mitigate these challenges. Its electronic structure leads to highly diagonal Franck-Condon factors, which can be exploited to implement fast optical state preparation. Combined with its deep ground state potential well in the optical domain, statistical averaging for a single TeH⁺ ion leads to a fractional precision comparable to that of single ion atomic clocks. Its 0⁺ ground state is also relatively insensitive to systematic Zeeman and Stark shifts. These features all together reveal a promising candidate for setting a new limit on μ -variation.

¹This work was supported by AFOSR Grant No. FA9550-13- 1-0116, NSF Grant No. PHY-1404455, and NSF GRFP DGE-1324585.

Mark Kokish Northwestern Univ

Date submitted: 26 Jan 2018

Electronic form version 1.4