## Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP19 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Enhancedspincoherenceof rubidium atoms in solid parahydrogen<sup>1</sup> SUNIL UPADHYAY, UGNE DAR-<br/>GYTE, ROBERT PRATER, VSEVOLOD DERGACHEV, SERGEY VARGANOV,<br/>TIMUR TSCHERBUL, University of Nevada, Reno, DAVID PATTERSON, Univer-<br/>sity of California, Santa Barbara, JONATHAN WEINSTEIN, University of Nevada,<br/>Reno — Alkali atoms trapped in solid parahydrogen are optically addressable and<br/>have excellent spin coherence properties. They retain these properties at high spin<br/>densities, making them a promising platform for applications such as atomic mag-<br/>netometry in the solid phase. We have identified the physical mechanism that limits<br/>the ensemble  $T_2^*$  as electrostatic in nature, and are able to achieve significantly longer<br/> $T_2^*$  times by using nonclassical spin superposition states. By contrast, we find the<br/>spin-echo  $T_2$  is limited by interactions that are magnetic in nature. Progress towards<br/>identifying the source of this magnetic decoherence will be discussed.

 $^1\mathrm{This}$  material is based upon work supported by The National Science Foundation under Grant PHY 1607072

Sunil Upadhyay University of Nevada, Reno

Date submitted: 30 Jan 2019

Electronic form version 1.4