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Role of shake-up channels in Neon photoionization time delay¹ DIDARUL ALAM, NICOLAS DOUGUET, Department of Physics, University of Central Florida, STEFAN DONSA, Vienna University of Technology, LUCA AR-GENTI, Department of Physics and CREOL, University of Central Florida — The longstanding controversy surrounding the time delay difference $(21 \pm 5 \text{ as at } 105 \text{ eV})$ measured in the photoionization of neon from the 2s and 2p shells [1] has been explained in a recent experimental work [2]. As predicted by a past *ab initio* study [3], it was shown in [2] that shake-up channels, which were not resolved in [1], were responsible for the discrepancy between theoretical calculations and the experimental data. This new finding, however, rises the question whether the shake-up channel indicated as being responsible for the measurement bias is the dominant one or if other channels might contribute significantly. In this work, we employ the NEW-STOCK ab initio method to analyze and quantify the effect of shake-up channels above 80 eV photon energy in neon. We also perform realistic XUV-pump-IR-probe time-dependent calculations and compare our results with the experimental data [2]. [1] M. Schültze et al. Science **328** 1658 (2010), [2] M. Isinger et al. Science **358** 893 (2017), [3] Feist et al. PRA 89 033417 (2014).

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