

Abstract Submitted
for the DAMOP19 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Electron Emission and Angular Anisotropy following the Beta Decay of Helium-6¹ EVA SCHULHOFF, AARON BONDY, GORDON DRAKE, University of Windsor — Probabilities for atomic electron excitation (shake-up) and ionization (shake-off) are studied following the beta-decay process ${}^6\text{He} \rightarrow {}^6\text{Li}^+ + e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$, and in particular, recoil corrections to the shake-off probability are calculated within the sudden approximation. A pseudostate expansion method together with Stieltjes imaging is used to represent the complete two-electron spectrum of final ${}^6\text{Li}^+$, ${}^6\text{Li}^{++}$, and ${}^6\text{Li}^{3+}$ states. Previous results [1] for the $1s2s\ {}^3S_1$ state of ${}^6\text{He}$ as the initial state are extended to include the $1s2p\ {}^3P$ state, and rotational anisotropies in the electron emission spectrum are discussed. A variety of sum rules, including a newly derived TRK oscillator strength sum rule for dipole recoil terms, provides tight constraints on the accuracy of the results. The results are compared with recent experiments [2].

[1] E. E. Schulhoff and G. W. F. Drake, Phys. Rev. A **92**, R050701 (2015).

[2] R. Hong et al., Phys. Rev. A **96**, 053411 (2017).

¹NSERC and SHARCnet are gratefully acknowledged.

Gordon W F Drake
University of Windsor

Date submitted: 01 Feb 2019

Electronic form version 1.4