Abstract Submitted for the DAMOP19 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Disordered dimer chains in waveguide quantum electrodynamics¹ IMRAN MIRZA, Macklin Quantum Information Sciences, Department of Physics, Miami University, Ohio, JOHN SCHOTLAND, Department of Mathematics and Physics, University of Michigan Ann Arbor, MACKLIN QUANTUM INFORMA-TION SCIENCES, DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS, MIAMI UNIVERSITY, OHIO TEAM, DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICS, UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN, ANN ARBOR TEAM — Cold atoms trapped near optical fibers provide an excellent experimental setup to study single-photon propagation in periodic and disordered dimer chains (pair of atoms coupled through dipole-dipole interaction). The confinement of light in sub-wavelength fibers creates optical spin-orbit coupling which opens up the possibility of chiral photon emissions (preferential emission directions) into the waveguide ["Chiral quantum optics", Nature 541, 473-480 (2017). By considering two types of position disorders, namely the disorder in the dimer length and dimer separation, we study how dipole-dipole interaction along with the chiral photon emissions impacts the transport of photons ["Dimer chains in wavequide quantum electrodynamics" arXiv: 1808.10048]. This study has relevance to the area of quantum communication and to the photonic analog of many-body1D disordered models of condensed matter physics. -/abstract-

¹Disordered dimer chains in waveguide quantum electrodynamics

Imran Mirza Macklin Quantum Information Sciences, Department of Physics, Miami University, Ohio

Date submitted: 03 Mar 2019

Electronic form version 1.4