

Abstract Submitted
for the DFD06 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Spiral viscous fingering. YUICHIRO NAGATSU, ATSUSHI HAYASHI, YOSHIHITO KATO, YUTAKA TADA, Department of Material Engineering, Graduate School of Engineering, Nagoya Institute of Technology — When a less-viscous fluid displaces a more-viscous fluid in a radial Hele-Shaw cell, viscous fingering pattern is believed to develop in a radial direction. We performed experiments on viscous fingering in a radial Hele-Shaw cell when a polymer solution, a sodium polyacrylate (SPA) solution is used as the more-viscous fluid and the trivalent iron (Fe^{3+}) solution is as the less-viscous fluid. The experiment was done by varying the concentration of Fe^{3+} , $c_{\text{Fe}^{3+}}$. We have found that viscous fingering pattern develops spirally when $c_{\text{Fe}^{3+}}$ is larger than a threshold value, while the pattern develops in a radial direction for small $c_{\text{Fe}^{3+}}$. We confirmed from different experiments that an instantaneous chemical reaction takes place between SPA solution and Fe^{3+} solution. The chemical reaction produces precipitation and significantly reduces the viscosity of the SPA solution. The quantity of the precipitation is increased with $c_{\text{Fe}^{3+}}$. We will make a discussion on the relationship between the formation of spiral viscous fingering and the chemical reaction taking place between the two fluids.

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Date submitted: 03 Aug 2006

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