

Abstract Submitted  
for the DFD07 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Air bubble break-ups by vertical oscillations in micro- and normal gravity environments** HARUNORI YOSHIKAWA, PASCAL KUROWSKI, PHILIPPE PETITJEANS, PMMH -UMR7636, Paris, France, FARZAM ZOUESHTIAGH, LML -UMR8107, Lille, France, HERVE CAPS, GRASP -Univ. de Liège, Liège, Belgium — Dynamics of a bubble subjected to vertical oscillations is studied experimentally in micro- and normal gravity environments. A large air bubble (typically  $D = 1.8$  cm in volume equivalent diameter) is sealed with a surrounding liquid in a cell oscillating vertically. The bubble breaks up when the acceleration of the cell exceeds a certain value  $a_{cr}$ . This critical acceleration  $a_{cr}$  is substantially smaller in micro-gravity environment than in normal gravity environment. In both environments,  $a_{cr}$  is found to be constant for a given surrounding liquid when the cell's oscillation amplitude  $A$  is large in comparison with the bubble size  $D$ . It is also found that  $a_{cr}$  increases rapidly with decreasing  $A$  below the bubble size  $D$ . Influence of surrounding liquid viscosity is investigated by experiments with surrounding liquids of different viscosities. An increase of kinematic viscosity by a factor  $10^2$  (from 1 cSt to 100 cSt) is found to lead a 2-2.5 times larger critical acceleration in both environments. Experimentally obtained critical accelerations are discussed, being compared with a simple model based on hydrodynamic instability of an accelerated interface.

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Date submitted: 08 Aug 2007

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