Abstract for an Invited Paper for the DFD10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Computational Investigations of Gravity and Turbidity Currents¹ ECKART MEIBURG, University of California, Santa Barbara

We will present an overview of high-resolution, Navier-Stokes based simulations of gravity and turbidity currents. The turbidity currents we consider are driven by particles that have negligible inertia and are much smaller than the smallest length scales of the buoyancyinduced fluid motion. For their mathematical description an Eulerian approach is employed, with a transport equation for the particlenumber density. The governing equations are integrated numerically with high-order, compact finite difference techniques for rectangular geometries, and with second order finite difference methods for complex geometries. Arbitrary seafloor topographies are implemented via an immersed boundary method. We will discuss differences between two- and three-dimensional turbidity current dynamics in the lockexchange configuration, and we will introduce some effects due to complex topography. Results will be shown regarding non-Boussinesq effects, and the unsteady interaction of a gravity current with a submarine structure, such as a pipeline. Furthermore, we will briefly discuss the linear stability problem of channel and sediment wave formation by turbidity currents.

¹In collaboration with M. Nasr, University of California, Santa Barbara.