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Roughness effects in turbulent channel flow for the transitionally rough regime¹ KAREN FLACK, MICHAEL SCHULTZ, United States Naval Academy — Skin friction coefficients and roughness functions are presented for sandpaper roughness (220, 320 and 500 grit) throughout the transitionally rough regime from hydraulically smooth to fully rough. The experiments were performed in a 8:1 aspect ratio water channel with a Reynolds number based on channel height range of 12,000 - 280,000. The wall shear stress was determined from the pressure drop in the channel. Mean flow and turbulence statistics were also obtained for the 320 grit sandpaper using a two-component LDV at Karman numbers ranging from Re_{τ} =1000 - 6000. The mean flow and turbulence data are compared to smooth wall channel results from experiments and DNS at similar Re_{τ} .

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