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The Short-range Capillary Force on Floating Objects ANDONG HE, Nordic Institute for Theoretical Physics (NORDITA), KHOI NGUYEN, SHREYAS MANDRE, School of Engineering, Brown University — We develop a general method to study the capillary force between objects of arbitrary shape which float close to each other on an interface, a regime in which multipole expansion is not useful. The force is represented as a power series in the small distance between the objects, of which the leading-order is finite. For objects with size *a* much larger than the capillary length l_c , the force scales as $\sqrt{a/l_c}$ and the prefactor depends on the mean radius of curvature *R* at the closest points. After contact the objects roll and/or slide with respect to each other to locally maximize *R*. For smaller objects $(a \ll l_c)$, the force scales as $(a/l_c)^{-1} \log(a/l_c)^{-2}$, and the prefactor depends only weakly on the shape and relative orientation of the objects.

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