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**A generalized shallow-water analysis of gravity currents in various cross-area channels for Boussinesq and non-Boussinesq systems** MARIUS UNGARISH, Technion, Haifa — The propagation of a high-Reynolds-number gravity current in a horizontal channel along the horizontal coordinate  $x$  is considered. The bottom and top of the channel are at  $z = 0, H$ , and the cross-section is given by the quite general  $-f_1(z) \leq y \leq f_2(z)$  for  $0 \leq z \leq H$ . A shallow-water formulation is presented and used for the solution of the dam-break problem. The dependent variables are the position of the interface,  $h(x, t)$ , and the speed (averaged over the area of the current),  $u(x, t)$ . The non-rectangular cross-section enters the formulation via  $f(h)$  and integrals of  $f(z)$  and  $zf(z)$ , where  $f(z) = f_1(z) + f_2(z)$  is the width of the channel. For a given geometry  $f(z)$ , the input parameters in the lock-release problem are the ratios of height  $H/h_0$  and density  $\rho_a/\rho_c$ , of ambient to lock fluids. The dam-break problem can be solved by the method of characteristics, but complications (jumps, critical restrictions) appear when the return flow in the ambient is significant; these features are not captured by a one-layer model, and hence a two-layer model solution is introduced. A strong generalization is achieved: the standard classical solutions for a rectangular or unbounded channel are particular cases of the present theory.

Marius Ungarish  
Technion, Haifa

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