Characteristic-based Volume Penalization Method for Arbitrary Mach Flows Around Solid Obstacles

NURLYBEK KASIMOV, ERIC BROWN-DYMKOSKI, OLEG VASILYEV, Univ of Colorado - Boulder — A new volume penalization method to enforce immersed boundary conditions in Navier-Stokes and Euler equations is presented. Previously, Brinkman penalization has been used to introduce solid obstacles modeled as porous media. This approach is limited to Dirichlet-type conditions on velocity and temperature, and in inviscid supersonic flows led to wrong shock reflection. It builds upon Brinkman penalization by allowing Neumann and Robin conditions to be applied in a general fashion. Correct boundary conditions are achieved through characteristic propagation into the thin layer inside of the obstacle. Inward pointing characteristics ensure that nonphyscial solution inside the obstacle does not propagate out to the fluid region. Dirichlet boundary conditions are enforced similarly to Brinkman method. Penalization parameters are chosen so they act on a much faster timescale than the characteristic timescale of the flow. Main advantage of this method is the systematic means of controlling the error. This approach is general and applicable to a wide variety of flow regimes. The extensions of the methodology to moving obstacles and three dimensional flows are discussed.

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