

Abstract Submitted  
for the DFD14 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Optimality of Metachronal Paddling in Crustacean Swimming**

ROBERT GUY, Department of Mathematics, University of California Davis, CALVIN ZHANG, Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences, New York University, TIMOTHY LEWIS, Department of Mathematics, University of California Davis — Crayfish and other long-tailed crustaceans swim by rhythmically moving four or five pairs of limbs. Despite variations in limb size and stroke frequency, movements of ipsilateral limbs always maintain a tail-to-head metachronal rhythm with an approximate quarter-period inter-limb phase difference. Relatively few studies have examined the fluid dynamics of metachronal limb stroke for the range of Reynolds numbers at which crustaceans operate. Here, we use a computational fluid dynamics model to explore the performance of different paddling rhythms. We show that the natural tail-to-head metachronal rhythm with an approximate quarter-period phase difference is the most effective and efficient rhythm across a wide range of Reynolds numbers.

Robert Guy  
Department of Mathematics, University of California Davis

Date submitted: 01 Aug 2014

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