

Abstract Submitted
for the DFD15 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

A Laboratory Study of Vortical Structures in Rotating Convection Plumes¹ HAO FU, SHIWEI SUN, YUAN WANG, BOWEN ZHOU, None, THERMAL TURBULENCE RESEARCH TEAM² — A laboratory study of the columnar vortex structure in rotating Rayleigh-Bénard convection is conducted. A rectangular water tank is uniformly heated from below and cooled from above, with $Ra = (6.35 \pm 0.77) \times 10^7$, $Ta = 9.84 \times 10^7$, $Pr = 7.34$. The columnar vortices are vertically aligned and quasi steady. Two 2D PIV systems were used to measure velocity field. One system performs horizontal scans at 9 different heights every 13.6s, covering 62% of the total depth. The other system scans vertically to obtain the vertical velocity profile. The measured vertical vorticity profiles of most vortices are quasi-linear with height while the vertical velocities are nearly uniform with only a small curvature. A simple model to deduce vertical velocity profile from vertical vorticity profile is proposed. Under quasi-steady and axisymmetric conditions, a “vortex core” assumption is introduced to simplify vertical vorticity equation. A linear ODE about vertical velocity is obtained whenever a vertical vorticity profile is given and solved with experimental data as input. The result is approximately in agreement with the measurement.

¹This work was supported by Undergraduates Training Project (J1103410).

²School of Atmospheric Sciences, Nanjing University

Hao Fu
Chinese Academy of Sci (CAS)

Date submitted: 31 Jul 2015

Electronic form version 1.4