## Abstract Submitted for the DFD16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Measurements of the cross-sectional distributions of spherical particles suspended in rectangular channel flows TAKAHIRO IMAN-ISHI, TAKUYA YABU, HIROSHI YAMASHITA, TOMOAKI ITANO, MASAKO SUGIHARA-SEKI, Kansai Univ — We investigated the inertial migration of neutrally buoyant spherical particles using millimeter-sized rectangular channels of various aspect ratios (AR = 1 - 4.2), in the range of Reynolds numbers (Re) from 100 to 2000. The Reynolds number was defined as  $UH/\nu$ , where U is the maximum flow velocity, H is the length of the shorter face of the channel cross-section, and  $\nu$  is the kinematic viscosity. Dilute suspensions of polystyrene particles of diameter  $d = 300 - 650 \ \mu \text{m}$  were used. For the size ratio d/H= 0.1 - 0.25, the observation of particle positions at downstream cross-sections revealed that the particles were aligned in a straight or curved line nearly parallel to the longer face of the channel cross-section and their probability density function showed a sharp peak at a certain distance from the channel centerline. These focusing positions of particles were found to depend on Re, d/H and AR. They approached the channel centerline with increasing Re. As AR increased for constant Re and constant d/H, focusing positions moved closer to the channel centerline, and reached asymptotic positions for AR > 2.

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